THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong. To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. II.] Camp Douglas, U. T., Thursday Morning, October 13, 1864. [No. 87.

The Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,) AT

CAMP DOUGLAS, U. T.,

—BY—

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN,

—OF THE—

California and Nevada Volunteers.

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☞ MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, and DEATHS are published in this paper free of charge.

☞ All Orders addressed "To the Publishers of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory," will meet with prompt attention.

☞ All Communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

☞ L. W. A. COLE, is our authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Orders left for him at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse Main Street, will be promptly attended to.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

CORNER MAIN AND WALL STS.,

IDAHO CITY.

T. GATES, Proprietor.

THIS House, under the supervision of the present proprietor, has been commodiously fitted up with Lodging Rooms for single persons and families.

The Ice Cream Saloon on the first floor has been changed into an Oyster Saloon, and the former patrons and traveling public are heartily welcome to our tables. sep17-3mp

IOWA HOUSE,

MAIN STREET,

BOISE CITY, IDAHO TERRITOY,

Formerly known as the Planter's House.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the traveling public that they have purchased this new and commodious House and stabling, and are now enlarging and improving, hoping to make it equal to any in the city.

Hay and Grain fed at our stables; also, Stock ranched on reasonable terms. Give us a trial.

☞ The Overland Stages arrive and depart from this House. sp17 1mp P. SMITH & CO.

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

COR. OF IDAHO & JACKSON STS.,

Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.

JOHN H. SHOOT, Proprietor.

(Successor to Wm. Sloan.)

This House is now open for the accommodation of the public, with good rooms, and table supplied with the best the market affords.

sep3-3m

GOODRICH HOUSE,

Bannack City.....Montana Territory.

THIS HOUSE is now open for the accommodation of the Public, with

Good Beds, and Tables

That will always be furnished with the best the market affords.

Good Corral and Stables near the premises.

my16m6 W. C. GOODRICH.

IDAHO HOUSE,

CORNER OF WALLACE & JACKSON ST'S,

Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.

THE undersigned has opened the above Hotel, and is now ready to accommodate all who may give him a call. Prices to suit the times.

J. M. GASTNER,
Proprietor.

sep24-tf

L. P. FISHER,

NO. 629 Washington Street, is the only Agent for THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE, in the city of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

J. M. SIMMONS,

Assistant Assessor Internal Revenue, First Division, District of Utah.

Residence: Two doors east of the Theatre, opposite City Hall, Salt Lake City. s26tf

T. D. BROWN & SON,

Provision Store,

EXPRESS & EXCHANGE OFFICE.

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

AUSTIN H. CLARK | JOHN W. KERR. | M. H. CLARK.

CLARK & CO.,

BANKERS,

East Temple st., (Salt Lake House,) G. S. L. City.

Exchange Sold on all parts of the United States and Europe. s26tf

SALT LAKE HOUSE,

F. LITTLE.....Proprietor.

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City. s26tf

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Dealers in

Dry Goods & Ready Made Clothing.

o3tf Main Street, Salt Lake City

GILBERT & SONS.

Dealers in

Groceries, Hardware, Clothing etc.

o3tf Main St., next to Salt Lake House.

Notice.

Having been appointed by His Excellency, the Governor of California, a Commissioner of Deeds for the State of California, I am prepared to enter upon the duties thereof, at my office, in Main street, Great Salt Lake City.

Deeds, Transfers, Powers of Attorney, and all other legal papers made out on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms.

Acknowledgments taken for any part of the United States. apr9-tf PATRICK LYNCH.

JAMES LINFORTH,

Commission Merchant,

208 BATTERY STREET,

San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.
" " " Austin, Nevada Territory

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. jy2tf

S. J. LEES'

Provision Store,

on Main Street.

Great Salt Lake City, U. T.

Miners' and Traders' Outfitting Establishment. je20 tf

PHŒNIX SALOON,

First South Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

Constantly on hand.

s20tf RILEY & SHEPPARD, Prop'rs.

UNITED STATES SALOON,

Cor. Main and Second South Temple Sts.

THE Best and Purest Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always kept at this House. Also: a fine sitting room for the accommodation of customers.

s19tf W. T. SHOLES, Proprietor

GEM SALOON.

In the rear of Brown's Store, Main St.,

BY SEWELL & GREEN.

If you want good and pure liquors, call at the Gem Saloon.

If you want a good cigar, call at the Gem Saloon.

If you want to rest and read the latest newspapers, call at the Gem. sp24 1mp

GREENBACK EXCHANGE.

P. ARNOLD & CO.

The best Wines and Liquors in the market always on hand.

Bottled Wines and Bitters.

A polite and accommodating Bar-keeper in attendance. Call and see. s20 1m

UNION SALOON,

Groesbeck's Building, Third door from East Temple Street.

—BY—

MOORE & EWING.

BEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS. s19tf

ASSAY OFFICE

Dr. O. H. Congar,

Mansion House, Great Salt Lake City.

Gold and Silver Bullion and ores of every description carefully assayed, and the correctness of all assays guaranteed. o7 1mpd

Thos. B. Pearce,

Surgeon and Mechanical Dentist,

East Temple Street, five doors south of Post Office, Great Salt Lake City. o6tf

J. P. TIERNAN, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Salt Lake House. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. and from 4 to 9 P. M. o3tf

SALT LAKE HOUSE.

East Temple Street.....Salt Lake City

THIS LARGE AND EXCELLENT HOTEL HAS BEEN open so long to the public, that it is unnecessary for the proprietor to give it any recommendation, except that it has lately been re-modeled and re-fitted with extensive additions, has First Class accommodations, good, clean Beds, and Tables supplied with the

BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

In connection with the House is a BAR always furnished with the choicest brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

s26tf F. LITTLE, Proprietor.

TELEGRAPH COAL BED.

$4 per ton.

PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at this mine at the above rate.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office or at the Mine will be promptly attended to.

GEO. W. CARLETON,

Great Salt Lake City, April 6th, 1864 apr6tf

C. CLIVE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

MAIN ST., OPPOSITE THE TOWN CLOCK, G. S. L. CITY

CLOTHING of all kinds made and repaired in the highest style of art.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Officers' Military Uniforms. my7tf

HO! FOR THE MINES!!

—THE—

RUSH VALLEY EXPRESS CO.

Having Established a

Semi-Weekly Line of Stages,

The public can now have an opportunity to visit

THE SILVER MINES

—OF—

Rush Valley.

Stages leave the Mansion House, Salt Lake City

Tuesday and Friday mornings,

At 7 o'clock; returning

Mondays and Thursdays.

GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS.

Time—Eight Hours

Fare: $5.00 each way.

Packages carried, and other business attended to with promptness and care.

SHAW BRO. & CO.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 8, '64. 3d1f

MANSION HOUSE,

Corner Emigration street and State Road,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

The undersigned having taken this large and commodious Hotel, respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

Excellent sleeping accommodations, and the table provided with the best the market affords.

Good corral and stabling on the premises.

sep23tf JOHNSON & CHISHOLM.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Banking firm of Powers, Newman & Co., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Their business will be settled up by their successors, Scott, Kerr & Co., at their old place of business.

POWERS, NEWMAN & CO.

S. L. City, Sept. 1st, 1864.

A Horrible Death.

Barney Gibbons, a private in Company A, 7th U. S. Infantry, suffered the extreme penalty of military law by being "shot to death with musketry" in this city. In order to defeat the morbid curiosity of the crowd, Major E. D. Nash, of the 12th Missouri cavalry, and Superintendent of Prisons, to whom was committed the execution, kept the place selected, secret until the culprit was taken from the Myrtle street prison under a strong military escort. Gibbons is a native of Madison county, N. Y., and enlisted at Toledo, Ohio, in 1858. His regiment was sent to New Mexico in 1861, and on the march he deserted near St. Augustine Springs and joined the rebels under Sibley. He deserted from the rebels, after serving in the battles of Valverde, Johnson's Ranche Pass, and Albuquerque, and, after laboring for the Government as a teamster at New Orleans, he came to this city in April, 1864. While passing along the streets in July last, Gibbons was recognized by sergt. Richard C. Day, of his company, who arrested him as a deserter, and his trial and conviction took place on the 18th of that month. This brief sketch is all that is known of the unfortunate man, save that he has a brother and sister living in the North whom he has not seen for ten years. He was singularly alone, a rancorous bitterness of heart, growing out of ignorance and vice precluding him from even the ordinary of his kind. He was a powerfully built man, with an iron constitution, which seemed proof against any of the usual causes of death. This will be seen in the circumstances of the execution. The criminal was conveyed in a covered wagon from the prison to Fort No. 4, which is situated on an elevation in the south-west part of the city, and was accompanied by the Rev. Father Sautorias, a Catholic Priest from whose hand he received baptism into the Holy Roman Catholic faith. Although there is not at the Post of St. Louis an officer who ever witnessed an execution, the preliminaries were conducted in a skillful, orderly and decent manner. All the troops of the Post were present on the occasion. A hollow square having been formed with one side open toward the embankment of the Fort, the condemned man was placed beside a post, with a seat attached, his common pine coffin lying on the ground beside him. After making a brief statement, in which he denied having deserted, but said that he straggled and was overtaken by the rebels, he pronounced his sentence most unjust, and, in a firm, clear, strong voice, demanded to see sergeant Richard C. Day. This could not be allowed, and the wretched man yielded to the final preparations for the execution. He was seated, and his arms tied behind the post, a white cap was drawn over his face, and six musketeers drawn up within fifteen feet of his breast. The command was given: "Make ready," "Aim," "Fire," and two bullets entered the abdomen. And now succeeded a few seconds in which transpired a scene which shook the stoutest heart, and made every human creature present shudder. From beneath the ghastly cap came a wail of agony which pearced ever ear, and as the utterance "Oh! oh! too low," escaped from the lips of the quivering form writhing in the throes of horrible death, every one seemed paralyzed with horror. With a quick motion the officer of the squad waved the six musketeers aside, and four others took their place. "Make ready," "Aim"—but mercifully before the third command was given the four pieces were discharged, three leaden messengers of death entering the sternum, and a mighty convulsive shudder ended the being of the poor deserter. What an eternity of woe in those intervening few seconds! What a crowding of events from infancy, hallowed by a mother's love and prayers to the dreadful details of the present scene! Yet, all passed before the mind's eye of the dying man, and the wonderful palimpsest of his brain touched by the consciousness of instant death, gave him to see in a second all that had been for years forgotten, ere he entered upon the unknown. The error in firing arose from the fact, discovered too late for remedy, that the sights of the muskets were set for long range. Thus perished a really brave and hardy soldier, but one, alas! who, disregarding the higher attributes of the soldier, honor and patriotism, basely deserted his country's flag, and in the presence of the enemy joined the rebel standard.—*Ex.*

SAN FRANCISCO POPULATION.—According to Langley's City Directory, which is to be published next month, the population of San Francisco, city and county, is 120,000. San Francisco, in 1860, when the Directory contained 26,000 names, polled a vote of 14,360; in 1861, when 30,000 names were contained in the work, the vote was 15,149; and in 1864, when there are 38,000 names, there should be, taking 1860 and 1861 as a basis, a vote of over 20,000. It is curious to notice the increase of particular names during the past year:

	1863.	1864.
Browns	174	213
Clark	91	119
Cohen	46	53
Mc's	1,152	1,437
O's	404	468
Smiths	341	434
	2,244	2,818

Showing an increase of nearly twenty per cent.—*Sac. Bee.*

COAL OIL.—Kerosene or coal oil is destined to become one of the most useful discoveries of the present age. Its usefulness, already extensive, is not yet half known. The latest use to which it has been put is in making soap. The soap manufactured from this oil will remove all kind of stains and dirt, and do more work than any other soap, and in less time. What will be the next discovery?

The Daily Union Vedette

THURSDAY MORNING, OCT. 13, 186[illegible]

WANTED.—A girl, to do general housework for a family in the City. Apply at the U. S. Commissary Storehouse.

The approaching Election.

The Presidential election to be held throughout the United States on the second Tuesday of next month, is fraught with momentous interest to every patriot in the land. Since the formation of our National Government in 1789, there has been no more solemn occasion calling on the people for the exercise of the highest wisdom and the soundest judgment, than will be the 8th day of November, 1864. We do not except the election day of 1850, when the present chief magistrate of the Union was chosen. On all previous occasions there was room for parties to differ, rather in their measures than in the principles proclaimed. There was room too for honest differences of opinion, and it was natural and not necessarily unpatriotic, for men to cling to their old party organizations and band themselves together to elect their chosen leader. So long as all parties in the field could honestly proclaim devotion to the Constitution of our fathers, and spread upon their flaunting banners the "Union, one and inseparable, it must be maintained," no matter how deeply dyed in conspiracy against the Union some of their leaders may have been, honest men and true patriots might be pardoned for adhering to their party organizations. But when the thunders of Sumter awoke the land from its long dream of peace—when martial hosts, with rebellious shouts, beleaguered the Capital of the nation, and with unhallowed feet trampled the sacred earth where Washington sleeps, and Jefferson dwelt; when the roar of Bull Run, Antietam and Gettysburg proclaimed a traitors war, and the moans of the dying on an hundred battle fields rose on the air; when three years of rebellion in its worst and most rebellious form, have sent the spectre into every northern home, the dream was surely past. Parties, party organizations and mere political affiliations faded away and every man became either a patriot or a traitor. How weak, then, nay, how worse than weak, how criminal for men, who would not wish to go down to posterity stamped as traitors, to seek to arouse the long since obliterated party organisms, and accomplish their ends by appealing to old time party names. Can any man of ordinary understanding, fail to recognize in the attempt, the shallow effort of designing men to mislead the honest masses by appealing to old time prejudices and once honored names?

Yet such is the position occupied by the leaders of the so-called Democratic party, to-day. They talk lovingly of peace, of which they are enamored. They who know that any peace, accomplished save by the utter overthrow of the rebellion by strongest war, would dishonor this generation, and entail unutterable woe on those that succeed it. They know that any peace of which a crushed rebellion is not the prelude, means a disruption of this Union, and internecine war forever. The peace-at-any-price men having donned the habiliment of the old time Democracy, led by such pure patriots (!) as Fernando Wood, Vallandigham and Seymour, have selected McClellan as their standard-bearer, vainly (we trust) hoping to lure War Democrats to their fold. On the other hand the Union men have chosen Abraham Lincoln, whose past career gives assurance of his future policy. On the one hand is presented the Union—one and indivisible, if there be strength in the Nation to preserve it—on the other perchance a peace, but surely a disruption of the entire proud Nation, and the spoiling of the hopes of patriots throughout the world. It is important that every man should clearly understand the momentous import of the ballot he shall cast. The Californian soldier of Camp Douglas will be entitled to vote and their vote will be counted as though they were in California. It may be that the vote of Camp Douglas will turn the scale and decide whether the electoral ballots of California be cast for the Union, or against it; for the flag, or for traitors. We do not permit ourselves to doubt the result among men whose patriotism alone inducted them to leave peaceful and happy homes to endure the privations and bear the burthens of soldiers.

The vote of the California Volunteers will be unanimous for Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson.

MORE SHOOTING.—On Tuesday evening about 8 o'clock, Dep'y Sheriff Featherstone, of Virginia City, for some alleged insult drew his revolver and struck a man named Jerry O'Herron over the head, inflicting a severe wound and causing the blood to flow profusely. The difficulty occurred immediately in front of the Salt Lake House. Jerry retreated into the hotel and washed the blood from his head and face. The police, in the meantime, took Featherstone to the lock-up. The wounded man came out in front of the hotel with a cocked derringer in his hand, evidently on the lookout for his assailant. By some means, said to have been purely accidental, the pistol went off, the ball badly lacerating the left hand of Jerry and entering the body of Aaron Wood, recently discharged from Co. A, 3d Inf'y. C. V.

Hopes are entertained of his recovery althongh the wound is a frightful one. Wood was a mere bystander having no lot or part in the difficulty. The practice of carrying loaded pistols about the streets and drawing them on the slightest provocation, is a serious evil and one which leads to infinite mischief. Unfortunately, in nine cases out of ten the innocent bystander is the sufferer. We suppose this whole affair will undergo judicial investigation.

O'Herron, notwithstanding his own severe wound, regrets exceedingly the ill fate of Wood. We are informed that he and his friends have offered to hire a room and pay the board of the wounded man, and do all in their power to alleviate his sufferings and make him comfortable.

RANSOHOFF & CO'S. NEW STORE.—Yesterday we accepted the invitation of Mr. N. S. Ransohoff to go through his new store, on the west side of Main street, rapidly approaching completion. It is one of the handsomest and most commodious in the city. Having been built expressly for the purpose, all the little conveniences are provided. There is a capacious dry cellar for storage. The first floor is set apart for a sales-room with office in the rear, while up stairs are the sample rooms, and ample room to store and open an immense stock of goods. Already, up stairs and down are choicest merchandise strewn about in profusion, preparatory to opening day—some time next week. Our eyes were fairly dazzled at the heaps on heaps of splendid new goods. If we had been a female—or like a friend of ours that we wot of—engaged in the millinery line, we think we should have gone entirely crazy. There was every thing there, from a shoe string or a bit of choice ribbon, up through all the grades of hoops, crinoline, balmorals, silks, clothes, etc., etc. But when we came to the wine cellar, and the Heidsick began to flow, and sparkle, and glitter, we thought it time to quit—not however, before we partook of some of the good things with a choice party of congenials, then and there assembled. But reader, be patient—early next week the establishment will be thrown open to the public, and, my eyes! won't the ladies flock to Ransohoff's new store.

THE NEWS TO-DAY.—Just at this time when all eyes are anxiously and expectantly turned towards Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, where State elections were held on Tuesday last, it is decidedly provoking to know that the lines are down east of Omaha." Such however, is the fact, and we are consequently without the glorious news that all three of those States have gone triumphantly for the Union. But we must have a little patience—keep our powder dry, repress awhile the shouts which make the welking ring, and bide our time. We need hardly say that every effort is being made to get the telegraph all right again. We confidently predict that the first news which will flash across the continent from Chicago, will be that the Union party has been successful in the States named; tidings just now which would be scarcely less joyful than that Grant had taken Richmond.

In the meantime let up hope that both are but "a question of time," and as inevitable as fate. In other columns we print the latest telegrams received before the wires went down. Such slight indications as we have, increase confidence in the final result when it shall be announced.

That man, that good, honest man—we mean that Local man of ours—has gone. Oh! he was a good man, and many a sad face is visible in our sanctum. His chair looks vacant—his desk looks lonely—and his pen actually refuses to make a light mark. We call him, but he answereth not. Alas! he is gone—gone—gone. But we can hold him in vivid and dear remembrance—the consolation is sweet. Yes, and we can dream too.

'Tis pleasant to know that we have been so long associated with our friend. Such friendship and estimable men as him are of not a many number. To be in his society is a pleasure—to know him is a blessing; and to be an intimate associate of his, is to realize a true friend indeed. Whenever and wherever he goeth, may prosperity ever attend him; and may adversity to him ever be a stranger. He goes from us with our hearts full of thanks for his unremitting attention to business, and faithfulness to our cause.

PAYMASTER.—Major H. C. Ball, Paymaster U. S. A., having arrived as announced in our columns, will pay off the discharged men of the neighboring command as speedily as possible. Those of them who have been anxiously expecting him for the purpose of having their papers cashed, will thus be freed from suspense, and will be in a position to commence their journey whether east or west.

THE WEATHER.—The proverbial meanness of the climate in this country, has, if possible, exceeded itself during the past few days. Winds, dust, and all the disagreeably connected therewith, are the order of the day, and we now write with mouth and eyes filled with dust, on paper that grits under our pencil.

CHANGE OF COMMANDER.—Major John M. O'Neil, 2d Cavalry, C. V., leaves Camp Douglas to-day for Fort Bridger, U. T., of which Post he will take command, relieving Lieut.-Colonel A. A. C Williams, 1st battalion Nevada Territory Volunteers, who will return to Camp Douglas for duty.

[illegible]

Complaints have lately reached us from subscribers, that their papers are (borrowed?) from their doors in the morning. If such is the case, the offenders should have an opportunity afforded them of reading the same in the guard-house.

COMMISSIONS.—Governor Low has commissioned the following officers of California volunteers: Martin H. Calderwood, Second Lieutenant, Company D, Seventh Regiment; Thomas Hunter, Second Lieutenant, Company F, do.; Richard M. Apgar, Second Lieutenant, Company E, do.; Thomas J. Henwisser, Second Lieutenant, Company G, do.—Ex.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

Gen. Pleasanton Pursues the rebels at Osage river---Rebel Maj. Bowie Killed and Colonel Shaunts mortally Wounded---Sheridan whips Rosser.

St. Louis, Oct. 10th.

From a Jefferson City correspondent: It seems that the rebel demonstration at that place was merely to occupy our forces while the enemy's main body crossed the Osage river. After feeling our fortifications and finding them pretty strong, they passed westward during the night, some 20,000 strong with 16 to 20 cannon and a long train. Gen. Pleasanton arrived here this morning at 8 o'clock and assumed command. In the afternoon he followed the rebels with about 1,800 cavalry. At night he reported that he had reached Jefferson City and that he had engaged Price's rear while Gen. Curtis, coming from Kansas, was fighting their front. About 4 o'clock our forces placed a battery outside of California and drove the rebels out. We killed, wounded and captured over 100. Our loss was only a few wounded. The railroad was torn up for about a mile on each side of California. The rebel Col Stanthwaite is reported to have been here last night with 5,000 men, moving towards Booneville. The rebel Maj. Bowie was killed; Col. Shaunts was mortally wounded.

Gen Augur--Official dispatches from Sheridan.

Washington, Oct. 10th.

Gen. Augur, commander at Washington, has for the last few days been in line toward Front Royal, to which point the railroad was being extended to supply Gen. Sheridan. A telegram from him dated Rectortown, reports Sheridan's arrival at Strasburg followed by the enemy's cavalry. Sharp cannonading has been heard in that direction.

Official dispatches from Sheridan have been received here announcing a victory by our cavalry over the entire force of rebel cavalry under General Rosser. He says;

The attack was handsomely made, with Gen. Custar in command. The 3d cavalry division charged on the back road, with General Merritt in command. The 1st cavalry division on the Strasburg pike under Merritt, captured five pieces of artillery. Custar captured six pieces of artillery with caissons, battery forces, etc. The 2d division captured 47 wagons, ambulances, etc., and a number of prisoners. About 330 of the enemy after being charged by our gallant cavalry, broke and ran, and were followed by our men on the jump for 26 miles, through Jackson and across the north fork of the Shenandoah. I deem it best to make this delay here to settle this new cavalry General. Eleven pieces of artillery were captured to-day, making 36 pieces captured in the Shenandoah Valley since the 19th of September. Some of the artillery was new and had never been fired. The pieces were marked Tredegar works.

Signed: SHERIDAN.

New York, Oct. 11th.

The *Herald's* 9th corps correspondent of the 9th says: This morning Gen. Wilcox's division, holding the centre of our line, made an advance with the intention of advancing our position and reconnoitering that of the enemy. Our force making the reconnoissance, consisted of Hartsuff's brigade and that lately commanded by Col. Steer. An advance was made of over a mile and a half under slight skirmishing, when the 57th Mass., commanded by Col. McLaughlin, was fired on by the enemy. Some fifteen men were lost. The reconnoitering party was accompanied by the 4th Mass. battery, but no opportunity afforded for using pieces. Deductions from recent reconnoissance is that the enemy is not [illegible] force on this [illegible] Petersburg or the Appomattox [illegible] effort on our part will force the [illegible] new line upon the latter mentioned river. This is the amount of the information which I gathered this morning.

A special to the *Tribune*, from Washington 10th, says: We learn from the front that a movement commenced on Saturday, the object of which is not stated. The said order will at once be issued by Grant, directing the shooting of every guerrilla, burning every house, driving out of each, women and children from the Shenandoah Valley and the guerrilla infested region between Washington and the Potomac.

In all of the rebel accounts of the affair on Friday, they make out that the severest fighting was done in the attack on Kautz, while our accounts represent the heaviest part of the engagement to have taken place after the rout of Kautz. The fact may be that the rebels were made to pay dearly for their victory over Kautz, as they were armed with repeating rifles. It was in this attack that the rebels lost Gen. Gregg and several other officers.

The *Times'* correspondent sums up the affair as follows: We lost eight guns. As a set-off, however, we captured 17 last Tuesday. We slaughtered and wounded at least 1,000 of the enemy's front infantry, exclusive of what injury Kautz inflicted on them, besides taking 1,000 prisoners. Most of the enemy's killed and wounded were left on the field. Considering their losses in men, they bought their guns dearly, although we must give them credit for killing, disabling and capturing, at an outside estimate, 400 men in addition to the guns. Looking at the matter from all points and views, we claim a very decisive victory, and can afford to lose these guns; but the rebels can't afford to lose such large numbers as they lost to-day in capturing them. They signally failed in their object in flanking us. They suffered as severely as we in the loss of artillery horses. One of their batteries was drawn off the field by hand.

Kautz's Adjutant reported captured.

New York, Oct. 11th.

Rebel papers announce the capture of Kautz's Adjutant. How nearly the Gen. came to sharing the same fate is told by a correspondent of the *Times*, as follows: When Kautz was returning in the rear of his column with a few of his staff officers and orderlies, he came upon an entire rebel regiment at least one mile from the road where the attack commenced. This regiment had some of his men prisoners. At sight of this the General men called to him to dash back, which he did and escaped by a by-path. His Adjutant-General, Capt. Nash, was with him at the time, but is now missing.

Washington, Oct. 11th.

News from the army of the Potomac to-day state that on Sunday night between 12 and 1 o'clock the enemy opened fire on the 2d corps, which continued only about thirty minutes. It is not known that any damage was done. When the mail boat left yesterday, all was comparatively quiet.

Operations for the Completion of the Great Overland Telegraph Line Commenced.

In accordance with authorization by act of Congress the Navy Department to-day telegraphed to the proper authorities at San Francisco to arm and equip a vessel at that point for the use of Engineer Bulkley and party, who are soon to proceed on an expedition north, to commence operations for the completion of the great overland telegraph line from the Columbia river in Washington Territory, to the Amoor river. The Russian expedition will propably commence active operations in northern latitudes by the 1st of March.

Election News.

Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 11th.

[illegible] large Union gains over 1860. Probably Morton will have 30,000 majority. There is a probable gain of two Union Congressmen. Returns from Ohio indicate success to the Union ticket. Probabilities are that Union Congressmen will be elected in the 1st, 2d and 7th districts in place of Pendleton and Cox.

General News.

A letter, dated Martinsburg, the 9th says: The destruction of mills and barns was most complete, and will be severely felt in that region. Sufficient supplies were destroyed and captured to feed the whole of Early's command for three months. The whole country presents a barren appearance. Horses, all able bodied negroes and field hands, are being collected and sent to the rear. It would be an utter impossibility to subsist 60,000 men in the valley for a week. There is no other base of supplies from which the rebel army of occupation could be fed.

An Army of the Potomac letter of the 9th, says: Yesterday morning two great armies were confronting each other in front of Richmond, and were in a state of fermentation, each expecting an attack from the other. Our army waited, but the rebels did not come. The enemy gathered themselves into their works, while their rams and gunboats in the James went higher up than usual, for fear that our monitors would pass the obstructions. Chains were stretched to impede their progress. There are three rams in the river—the *Virginia*, *Richmond* and *Fredericksburg*, and four gun boats—the *Drewry*, *Beaufort*, *Nansemond* and *Raleigh*. This is there entire naval force afloat for the defence of Richmond, but other vessels are being constructed. One has been launched, but is not ready for service.

The *Times'* special gives the following additional particulars of the battle of the 7th: The object of the rebels was to turn the right flank of the army on the James, and thus obtain possession of Darbytown on the Central road, three miles of which is entirely free of defensive works. The enemy being aware that our right was the weakest part of our line, supposed that by flanking us and holding these three miles, their defenses could be materially strengthened by putting another line of strong works outside of the present limits of their fortifications. To accomplish their purpose, they, under the cover of night, moved Hooke's and Field's divisions numbering 4,500, down the Darbytown road. The position by Kautz fairly encircling his 1,700. At daybreak they attacked him both front and flank. Our troops fought bravely for more than an hour until they found the enemy not only in front and on the right, but also in the rear, when they fell back, but not before they had lost nearly 300 men. Having to cross a marsh—his only line of retreat—he ran his artillery into the mire, and abandoned it. The enemy followed in splendid line, Field's division being in front and supported by Hooke who was crossing at intervals on the double quick. They were so full of confidence and impetuosity, that they omitted to throw out skirmishers. Our troops were armed with repeating rifles and cooly continued the work of destruction on the rebels, literally covering the ground with their dead and wounded. This attack was made about 9 o'clock, and was as signal a repulse as ever happened.

New York, Oct. 11th.

The Richmond *Examiner* of Saturday says: Some excitement prevailed in Gordonsville on the night before last, from the rumored approach of a raiding party. It was deemed prudent to remove all Government stores and railroad stock from the place, they were accordingly brought down the road. A body of Yankee cavalry approached Rapidan station and burned the bridge there, but it is not known that they have come to this side.

COMMUNICATED.

MR. EDITOR—The half-yearly Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, under the Presidency of Joseph Smith, was held in the Bowery, 12th Ward, G. S. L. City, on Thursday and Friday, 7th and 8th inst. The usual church business was attended to, and measures adopted for the further spread of the principles of light and truth to the inhabitants of the Territory of Utah, who have departed from the faith of the Gospel delivered to them by the martyred prophet.

Five branches of the Church were represented as follows: G. S. L. City, North Ogden, Provo, American Fork and Battle Creek. The reports of the several Elders engaged in the ministry, and the Presidents of the several branches, were listened to by the brethren and sisters, assembled with deep interest and tended to give every encouragement to future exertions. Each President reported their members in good standing; a general spirit of enquiry prevailed, and every success attended their ministration.

Several Elders who were with the martyred prophet, bore strong testimonies in relation to the same Spirit being manifested as in days of old. Short addresses were delivered by the Elders on doctrinal points, all who spoke expressing their gratitude to the Almighty for their redemption from priestcraft and bondage; to the liberty of the sons of God.

Elders Thomas and Kemp, from California, cheered the hearts of the Saints by reporting the rapid progress of the Gospel in that State. On the evening of the 7th a lecture was delivered by Elder McIntosh, on the right of Joseph Smith to the Presidency of the Church, proving that position by the revelations contained in the Doctrine and Covenants, and Book of Mormon, and setting forth the imposition practiced by the various pretenders who have sought without a Divine call to assume that position, and have led their deluded followers into every species of wickedness and abomination. The Saints had a general time of rejoicing and departed to their homes with renewed vigor to prosecute the work of the Lord, with a view to the redemption of their brethren and sisters who have fallen from the truth. Conference adjourned to 10 A. M., April 6th, '65.

Very resp'ly.

JAS. W. STEVENS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, will practice in all the Courts of the Territory. Office on 1st East Temple street, opposite Seventy's Hall. oct11-tf

FOR SALE!

GUNNY SACKS, EMPTY BARRELS, AND PACKING BOXES, of all sizes, for sale at the Subsistence Warehouse, Great Salt Lake City. oct11tf

CITY RESTAURANT.

Main Street, (opposite U. S. Subsistence Store-house,) Salt Lake City.

The Subscribers having fitted up, in elegant style, this

NEW RESTAURANT,

And made it

NEAT AND COMPLETE

In all its apartments and arrangements, are determined so to keep it that those patronizing them will find no fault. The Tables will always be supplied with the

Best the Market Affords.

s27tf ANTONIO & BAKER, Pro'rs.

NEW GOODS

IN A

FEW DAYS.

WE ARE SELLING

AT VERY

REDUCED FIGURES

To make room, for the

Immense Stock

WE HAVE

ON THE ROAD.

WALKER BROS.

GILBERT & SONS,

Main Street, opposite Salt Lake House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Groceries,
Provisions,
Clothing,
Hardware,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Stationery,
School Books,

All kinds Preserves, Pie and Can Fruits.

Coats,
Pants,
Vests,
Hats,
Caps,
Boots,
Shoes,
Gloves,
Handk'fs,

And a Splendid Assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also: a Large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Consisting of

Silks,
Lawns,
Cambrics,
Calicoes,
Checks,
Chambrays,
Flannels,
Shawls,
Ribbons,
Laces,
Hose,

And a well selected assortment of

Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Flesh Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Coarse and Fine Combs,

Add a Choice Selection of

Pomades and Perfumeries.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

Remember the place, next door to the Salt Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

GILBERT & SONS.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Beg leave to inform the public that they will soon open their

NEW STORE,

OPPOSITE THE

Overland Stage Line Office,

Where they will offer for sale, one of the

Largest

And

Best

Assorted

STOCK

OF

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

We shall have

Everything that is to be Found,

IN A

FIRST CLASS STORE.

We shall also keep the store we now occupy, Where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

OF

Clothing and Furnishing

Goods.

Liberal Deduction Made

TO

COUNTRY DEALERS.

Flour, Grain and other Produce taken, for which the regular prices will be allowed.

N. S. RANSOHOFF & Co.

NEW STORE! NEW STORE!!

ELLIS & BROTHERS

Have just received a full and complete assortment of

General Merchandise,

consisting in part of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY GOODS IN VARIETY,

Ladies', Misses and Children's Hats,

Embroideries of all descriptions,

Cassimere and Berage Shawls,

Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes,

Yankee Notions, etc., etc.

Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's

Ready Made Clothing,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Hats and Caps of all prices and qualities,

Boots and shoes of the best manufacture,

California blankets of varied shades,

Straw mattings, Window shades, etc.

And a full and complete assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

Rope of all sizes, Glass and Queensware, Stationery and Blank Books, Dye Stuffs, etc.,

All of which we offer for sale, wholesale and retail, at prices cheaper than the cheapest, taking as our motto

Small Profits and Quick Sales.

One of our firm residing in the market city, our facilities are such that we shall constantly be in receipt of new goods, which we will endeavor always to purchase with an eye open to the requirements and to the advantage of this community.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we assure you that you will be satisfied.

Politeness, strict attention, and Accommodation to Customers, will always be the order of the day.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Our place of business is on the west side of East Temple street, (Main street.)

o8-tf ELLIS & BROTHERS.

SCOTT, KERR & CO.,

BANKERS,

(*Successors of Powers, Newman & Co.,*)

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY,

(Godbe's old Drug Store,)

Receive Moneys on Deposit,
Buy Coin,
Gold Dust,
and Exchange.

Pay interest on Time Deposits, by special agreement, and transact a General Banking Business.

CORRESPONDENTS:

METROPOLITAN BANK, N Y CITY.
DREXEL & CO., Phila., Pa.
SCOTT, KERR & CO, Leavenworth, Kansas. sept2 tf

AUSTIN M CLARK, J. W. KERR, MILTON E CLARK.

Clark & Co.,

BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City,

DEALERS IN

COIN,
GOLD DUST
and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with the Metropolitan Bank, New York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia. jy1tf

BEN. HOLLADAY, New York. W L. HALSEY, G. S. L. City.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY,

BANKERS.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for

GOLD DUST AND COIN.

Dust bought for Coin or Currency.
Cash paid for Govern't Vouchers.
Drafts payable in Coin or Currency sold on

New York,
San Francisco, Cal.,
Virginia City, Idaho,
Denver City, Colorado,
Atchinson, Kansas,
Portland, Oregon and
Victoria, British Columbia.

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for sale. my2tf

INTERESTING DISCOVERY.—W. Salmon, of Austin (N. T.) has invented a method of working silver ore which has proved, it is said, very satisfactory, and is destined to produce a revolution in the process of extracting silver. He is the same individual who invented the propeller amalgamating tub, which is spoken of at Austin as doing good work, although it is a small machine. Of the new process of working ore the Reese River *Reveille* says:

Salmon has lately been experimenting on working chlorinized ore without using copper as a precipitate. Thinking that he had found a satisfactory method, he yesterday made a trial of his discovery against the old way, managed by one of the most experienced amalgamators of the country. The result was very satisfactory to the inventor, as by his working the pay was much larger and of a purer quality of silver than by any other process. The trial was made upon sixty pounds of ore from the Whitlatch, which has been crushed and roasted at Furris Mill. The product was twenty-four ounces of very pure bullion, nearly 1,000 fine. This is done without the use of metallic copper, but with chemicals, a secret of the inventor, that cost only one-forth that of copper. We trust that the discovery is all that it is claimed to be, as such a cheap method of working the ores will be of the greatest value to this section.

RAILROADS.—The Kansas City *Journal* of 26th August announces that the iron is laid on the Pacific Railroad from that city across Blue and Rock creeks, and is now within three miles of Independence. Soon the cars will leave Kansas City every day, connecting with stage at Independence for Warrensburg. By the 21st of August the track will be laid fifteen miles west from Warrensburg, making but thirty miles staging between Kansas City and St. Louis. On the 10th of June last there were seventy miles staging; two months will have reduced the distance forty miles, giving the company nearly five months in which to redeem their promise of opening the road by the 1st of January next.

THE BOY BOBBY.—Our little friend Bobby has had the misfortune lately to lose his father. The clergyman at the funeral indulged in the usual formalities, saying, among other things, that our Heavenly Father in his dealings knew best what was good for us. On returning from the funeral, the little fellow said to his mother, "Did you hear —— say that God knew what was best for us?" "Yes, my son," was the reply. "Well," said he, "who said he didn't?" It struck this four-year-old intellect as a piece of supererogation.

TOBACCO CULTURE.—The banks of the Connecticut river, up to and beyond windsor, Vermont, if not literally covered with tobacco, are so much occupied by that weed that it has supplanted crops of more utility. Every farmer in the region grows more or less tobacco."

☞ How does a pitcher of water differ from a man throwing his wife off a bridge? One is water in the pitcher; the other is pitch her in the water.

VEDETTE G. & S. M. COMPANY.

WEST MOUNTAIN MINING DISTRICT, U. T.,
September 12th, 1864.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the second day of September, A. D., 1864; so much of the stock standing in the names of the following share-holders, as will be necessary to pay all delinquent assessments thereon; together with the expenses of advertising and sale, unless previously paid. Will be sold at Auction at the Secretary's office in Salt Lake City on Monday the third day of October next, at 12 o'clock P. M.

NAMES.	SHARES	AM'T
C B Waite	200	$100 00
Donl McLean	200	110 00
N E Eldred	200	110 00
W H John	200	110 00
Mrs D McLean	200	110 00
A L Bailey	200	110 00
Mrs G B Ogilvie	200	110 00
Mrs C B Waite	175	100 00
—— Titus	25	12 50
—— Williamson	25	12 50
Albert Sinclair	200	80 00
Arthur Heitz	175	75 00
Josiah Hosmer	100	40 00
Dan'l. Sullivan	150	60 00
—— Appleby	25	10 00
Francis Honeyman	50	20 00
Adam Craft	150	30 00
Amy Frances	25	5 00
Absalom Harlick	25	5 00
J C Furguson	100	20 00

H. O PRATT, Secretary.

The above sale is postponed to November Twelfth next. H. O PRATT, Secretary.
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Oct 31, 1864

EXCELSIOR GARDENS,

Twelfth Ward,.....Salt Lake City.

The Excelsior Gardens and Nursery is now open for the reception of visitors, and supplied with the choicest and finest

Fruits, Flowers and Plants.

Arrangements will be made by next Spring to provide superior accommodations for Picnic parties.

s3tf FRANK FOX, Proprietor.

WANTED.

A MAN and his wife, without children, are wanted in an officers' family at Camp Douglas. Apply at the Commissary Warehouse, Great Salt Lake City, or at the VEDETTE OFFICE, Camp Douglas. oct5-tf

PRIVATE BOARDING.

PRIVATE BOARDING may be had at the residence of the undersigned, two blocks west of the Salt Lake House. Prices to suit the times.
1moct4 WM P. APPLEBY.

T. B. HELLER. B. F. SNYDER.

HELLER & SNYDER,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Second South Temple Street, two doors from East Temple Street, (west.)

WILL sell at public and private sale, at Ten o'clock every morning, Horses, Wagons, Merchandise, etc. Warehouse for Storage.

Wanted: Produce of all kinds. s3tf

CHANGE OF TIME.

A. J. OLIVER. | H. A. CONOVER. | ED. HOUSE

A. J. OLIVER & CO'S.,

Express Line.

Will leave Great Salt Lake City, Utah, for Virginia City, Montana, every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday over the new cut-off.

Nearest route by

70 Miles---Time---4 Days!

And actually ahead of any other line, twenty-four, to forty-eight hours.

Passengers allowed twenty-five pounds of Baggage in Treasure, or anything they choose to take

Treasure shipped on the most reasonable terms, and by trustworthy messengers well known to the community at large.

STAGES FOR EAST BANNACK

Leave Virginia City on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Sundays.

Time---Nine Hours.

T. D. BROWN, Agent.
Salt Lake City, Sept. 17th, 1864. s17tf

UNION LINE,

—FOR—

The Colorado River,

Connecting with Steamer

ESMERALDA and BARGES

Delivering Freight at all the principal places on the River.

No detention of Freight at the mouth of River.

Landing Freight and Passengers

—AT—

La Paz, Lower California.

The well known and fast sailing schooner

W. L. RICHARDSON,

GEORGE GOODRUM, Master,

With Through Bills of Lading,

Having a large portion of her cargo engaged and going on board, will meet with dispatch, and take Freight and Passengers for the above points.

☞ Superior accommodations for passengers. Such an opportunity is seldom offered for parties seeking passage.

☞ For freight or passage, apply to the Capt. on board, Commercial Street Wharf, or to

WM. R. WADSWORTH & SON,
sep15-tf 402 Front Street, San Francisco.

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Mule or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.
September 21, 1864. s3tf

MULES.

I have Fifty Head of

Large, Young, and Well Broke

AMERICAN MULES,

Which I will exchange for

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS. FLOUR OR HAY.

☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.
September 21, 1864. s3tf

THE

DAILY UNION VEDETTE

Book, Card and Job

PRINTING OFFICE,

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TER.

THE PIONEER

DAILY NEWSPAPER

PRINTING OFFICE

—OF—

UTAH TERRITORY.

Having lately received a large and complete

Assortment of Job Type,

—AND—

Printing Material

We are now prepared to execute all kinds of

PLAIN, FANCY & ORNAMENTAL

PRINTING,

SUCH AS

POSTERS,

HAND BILLS,

BALL TICKETS,

LETTER HEADS,

MINING CERTIFICATES,

PROGRAMMES,

WAY-BILLS,

CIRCULARS,

CHECKS,

DRAFTS,

NOTES,

CARDS,

ETC., ETC.

And can successfully compete in price, style, and promptness with any establishment west of the Rocky, or east of the Sierra Nevada Mountains and we guarantee satisfaction with every order.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

☞ Specimens of work may be seen at the "Daily Union Vedette," Printing Office, Camp Douglas.

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

United States Mail

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.,

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage, East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchinson, Kansas, and Placerville, California,

And a perfect line of communication between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.,

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

EVERY DAY,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK, A. M.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.
Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864. 3Mtf

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchinson, Kansas, and Placerville California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchinson leave every day at 4 A. M.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE AND ATCHINSON,

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, VIA. East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, VIA. Boise City, Idaho City, Idaho.

Time to Denver.....Six days.
Time to Atchinson.....Twelve days.

1y3tf W. L. HALSEY, Agent.